

## COAL MINERS STRIKE.

375,000 MEN IN SIX STATES INVOLVED.

Want to Share in the Revival of Prosperity—Strike Now When They Can Best Get Along Without Their Usual Wages—80,000 Steel Workers Out.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 3.—It was officially announced today that a general strike of miners belonging to the United Mine Workers of America in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia and Illinois had been ordered for July 4 by the national executive board and also by the district presidents, as the result of the meeting held here June 24, 25 and 26. The strike order affects probably 375,000 men.

The official document says:

"To the Mine Workers of the Country, Greeting—Fellow Miners: At the last annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America, held in the city of Columbus, Ohio, January 12-16, 1897, it was determined that the scale of prices should be advanced to the following rates: Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh district, pick mining, sixty-nine cents per ton; Ohio, sixty cents per ton; Indiana (bituminous), sixty cents per ton; Illinois (Grape Creek), fifty-five cents per ton; machine mining to be paid three-fifths per ton of the price for pick mining, except in Indiana (bituminous), where the price shall be four-fifths per ton of the price paid for pick mining; other mining sections a corresponding increase in price that will place them on a relative basis. It was further agreed that the time for enforcement of the scale be left with the national executive board and the district presidents to determine when it would be most opportune to put this scale into effect."

The document then urges unanimity and fidelity among the members and continues: "The signs of the times, as pointed out by the press and by the testimony of men versed in public affairs is that business is reviving, that an upward tendency in prices of all commodities is apparent. In the general business revival and industrial improvement which is earnestly proclaimed, we ought to share, and if we do not attempt to share we shall be false to ourselves and those dependent upon us. Let the watchword be, 'mine workers are entitled to a fair day's pay for a fair day's work.'"

Local committees are directed to be formed and to see that action is taken at once and local leaders are urged to assume responsibility and authority. "To insure success," the document says, "great care should be exercised by all that no breach of the peace occurs at any time or place, or under any circumstances. Bulletins will be issued from time to time to keep you informed of the progress of affairs."

The national executive board is composed of Fred Dilleher, R. L. Davis, J. H. Kennedy, Harry Stephenson, James M. Carson and Patrick Dolan. M. D. Hatchford is president of the national executive board, John Kane vice president and W. C. Pearce secretary.

Officers here say 375,000 men are involved as proposed strikers. President Hatchford says this is the best time to settle the question of wages as during the summer the men can make use of their little garden plots in obtaining subsistence, and the needs of clothing are not so great as in winter.

## 80,000 MEN ARE IDLE.

All Union Iron Mills Suspend, Pending a Wage Agreement.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 2.—As the result of the failure of the joint wage conference of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers and manufacturers to agree upon the scale at the Youngstown conference, all the mills are closed today, and between 75,000 and 85,000 men are idle. This includes the skilled workmen and those depending on them.

President Garland returned from Youngstown last night. When seen he said he was not discouraged at the outlook, but looked for a settlement after the annual repairs at the mills shall have been completed.

All the tin plate plants in the country, with the exception of four non-union concerns, are idle, and a number of manufacturers are anxious to get to work. The workers insist that they will make no concessions, while the manufacturers are willing to grant an advance of at least 10 per cent over the present rate.

## Crocker to Lead Tammany.

LONDON, July 3.—Mr. Richard Crocker assures his friends here that he has virtually made up his mind to return to New York in time to manage the Tammany campaign for next autumn's elections. He is in constant cable communication with the Tammany leaders, and taking an active part in arranging the preliminaries.

## Two Missouri Clerks Dismissed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 2.—This morning William McCarty, for seven years a clerk in the secretary of state's office, and Robert Morrow of St. Louis, a clerk for four years, were dismissed by Secretary Lesueur. No reason was given except that it was desired to give other Democrats chances to get positions.

Pardons for Slot Machine Users Asked. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 3.—A petition has been forwarded to Governor Stephens asking him to remit the fines of the saloon keepers convicted at the last term of the criminal court of keeping slot machine devices.

## Ex-Governor of Colorado Dying.

DENVER, Col., July 3.—Ex-Governor John Evans is very ill and probably cannot last more than a few days. He has been an invalid for the past two years. The governor was 53 years old last March.

## OHIO DEMOCRATS.

Free Silver at 16 to 1 Their Idol—

HORACE L. CHAPMAN FOR GOVERNOR. COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 1.—The Democratic state convention here yesterday was one of the most memorable political occasions in the history of Ohio. It was a convention of unanimity on principles and of differences on men, and especially on those who were candidates for places on the state ticket. In the contests for favorites it was also a convention of endurance, as the delegates took no recess and were in session continuously from 10 a. m. until almost that hour at night.

It was a free silver convention throughout. Every candidate whose name was presented was announced as orthodox on silver and the silver doctrine as the cardinal principle for his favorable consideration. While there were some differences of opinion about adopting the anti-trust and Cuban resolutions, there was not a dissenting voice in the convention to the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without the co-operation of any other nation. And the name of William J. Bryan was mentioned in some way by every speaker as the only sure way of bringing out a chorus of applause.

In addition to the state ticket nominated there is an implied arrangement for John R. McLean for senator, with the state candidates as well as the party organization for him.

Following is the ticket nominated: For governor—Horace L. Chapman. For lieutenant governor—Melville D. Shaw.

For supreme judge—J. P. Spriggs. For attorney general—W. H. Dore. For state treasurer—James F. Wilson. For board of public works—Peter H. Degnan.

## WANT YOUNGERS' PARDON

Determined Effort Made to Get the Youngers From Minnesota Prison.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 3.—The effort to secure the pardon of the Younger boys for the part they took in the famous Northfield raid of a score of years ago has taken such shape that it is to be formally brought before the state board of pardons at its meeting on July 13. Cole and Jim Younger have served twenty-one years in the penitentiary at Stillwater, a period as long as the average life sentence, and a powerful influence in their behalf is to be exerted.

In anticipation of the efforts for a pardon, Cole has decided to break his silence and reserve on the subject of the raid, steadily maintained ever since his capture, and will make a statement before the board. He will disclose the part he and Jim played in the raid and attempt to show that the blood of Cashier Heywood is not on his hands.

## TRIPLE SUICIDE.

Three Men Lie Down in Front of a Wabash Train.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 2.—What appears to have been a deliberate attempt at triple suicide was made near Wellsville, Mo., at midnight last night. Three men, lying side by side, with their heads upon the rail, were struck by Wabash train No. 6, due in St. Louis at an early hour in the morning. The first man's head was cut off, the second one's head was mashed and the third received serious internal injuries. Physicians say there is no hope for the recovery of the two injured men. Their names are not known.

## KENTUCKY MILITIA BUSY.

Five Hundred Soldiers Protecting Two Negroes Against Lynchers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 2.—About 500 men of the Kentucky state guard are on active duty protecting two negroes from anticipated mob violence—Green Dinning, charged with murder at Franklin, Simpson county, and Tod Stone, charged with attempted assault at Glasgow. Stone was taken from Bowling Green to Glasgow today, accompanied by 120 soldiers.

## Miss De Armond Weds.

BUTLER, Mo., July 2.—Mr. Harvey C. Clark, prosecuting attorney of Bates county, was married to Miss Harriet, only daughter of Congressman and Mrs. De Armond, at the Episcopal church last evening at 7 o'clock. A reception was held at the home of the bride from 8 to 10 o'clock. The newly married couple went to Manitou, Col., for a wedding trip.

## Russia's Vast Population.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—For the first time in history a general census has been taken of the population of the Russian empire, which is shown to number 129,211,113. In forty-five years the population has doubled, and during the last twelve years it has increased 20 per cent.

## An Embezzler Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The President has pardoned Charles R. Fleischman, sentenced in Illinois to five years in the Milwaukee house of correction last December for embezzling funds of the National Bank of Illinois.

## Bryan in Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 3.—An immense crowd greeted Hon. W. J. Bryan at the Salt Lake theater last night. Mr. Bryan's address was mainly on the money question.

## NEWS IN BRIEF.

Advices from Tokio say that a second Jack the Ripper has appeared and murdered four women. He has so terrorized the female inhabitants that several have committed suicide in sheer fright.

Holland's ministry has resigned.

Switzerland has refused to ratify the commercial treaty with Japan, owing to a protective duty placed upon clocks and watches.

Stock about Wausa, Neb., is dying from a new disease.

## THE TARIFF BILL.

RECIPROCITY AND RETALIATION AGREED TO.

Two Phases of the Pending Bill Discussed—After a Protracted Session—Party Lines Broken—Two Populist Senators Vote for Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Reciprocity and retaliation were the two phases of the tariff bill to occupy the attention of the Senate yesterday, to the exclusion of all other subjects. Both provisions were agreed to, although the debate on the reciprocity clause was protracted to 6 o'clock. Shortly before adjournment Mr. Allison endeavored to secure an agreement on the time for a final vote, but Mr. Teller would not consent to fixing the time until all proposed amendments had been submitted to the Senate. As Mr. Allison was not prepared to submit these amendments, he withdrew his request.

The retaliatory clause provides that whenever any country bestows an export bounty on any article, there shall be levied, in addition to the duties provided by the act, an additional duty equal to the amount of the bounty.

Mr. Chandler, Republican, of New Hampshire said he would vote for the retaliatory clause with extreme reluctance. He had been told that Germany would begin a course of commercial warfare against the United States, and he would make sacrifices to prevent friction between the empire of Germany and the United States. But the senator said he did not see how this retaliatory clause could be avoided if the protective character of the bill was to be preserved.

The retaliatory clause was agreed to—33 to 19. Two Democrats, Caffery and McEnery of Louisiana and Messrs. Allen and Kyle voted with the Republicans in the affirmative, and Messrs. Mantle and Teller with the Democrats in the negative.

The reciprocity clause empowers the president, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make reciprocity treaties giving 20 per cent reduction in duties on designated articles, or placing articles on the free list. The amendment brought out much opposition. Senators Mills, Vest, Pettus, Teller and White saying that it evaded the constitutional right of the House of Representatives to participate in measures affecting revenue, while Senators Morgan, Gray and Chandler defended its legality and propriety. It was agreed to—30 to 18, two Democrats, Gray and Morgan, and two Populists, Harris of Kansas and Heifield, voting with the Republicans in the affirmative.

## MAY BE A REBELLION.

Situation in India Is Causing Great Anxiety.

LONDON, July 3.—The newspapers of this city express anxiety at the occurrences in India, intimating that the mass of the natives there are less content under British rule than was generally believed, and that a rebellion of unpleasant proportions may be threatened. Constant communications are passing between the Indian and home governments.

In spite of the cessation of the riots, the situation is regarded as extremely grave; and it is felt that, unless some official is invested with plenary powers during the absence of the governing authorities European citizens will be compelled to act on their own responsibility.

## ENDEAVORERS WRECKED.

Three Killed and Twenty-Three Injured in a Collision Near Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Two women delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention in San Francisco were killed and about twenty-three others injured in a rear-end collision on the Chicago & Northwestern road at 12:45 o'clock this morning at West Chicago, thirty miles out on the Galena division. An unknown man was also killed.

Those who were killed in the wreck were:

Mrs. R. Shipman of Appleton, Wis. Mrs. John Gooding of Austin, Mo., who had been visiting her son, Attorney Gooding, of Fond du Lac, Wis. An unknown tramp, who was riding on the front end of the baggage car.

The twenty-three injured were all from Wisconsin. It is not believed any were fatally hurt.

## ROCKHILL GOES TO GREECE

The Present Assistant Secretary of State Made a Minister.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate: William Woodville Rockhill of the District of Columbia, now assistant secretary of state, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary and consul general to Greece, Roumania and Servia; Arthur S. Hardy of New Hampshire, minister resident and consul general of the United States to Persia.

## Ex-Banker Chaplin Acquitted.

PITTSBURG, Kan., July 1.—A. L. Chaplin, ex-cashier of the Pittsburgh Savings bank, was acquitted at Girard last night of the charge of forgery.

## Eight Years for a Bank Wrecker.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—Louis Gallot, the convicted Union bank wrecker, was sentenced this morning by Judge Parlange to eight years in the penitentiary at hard labor. The case will be appealed.

## No More Montana Gambling.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., July 1.—At midnight the anti-gambling law went into effect, wiping from the pages of Montana's history a custom which has existed ever since the territory was formed.

## JUDGE FRESHOUR DEAD.

Wealthiest Citizen of Cole County, Mo., Passes Away at the Age of 82.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 3.—Judge W. S. Freshour, Cole county's wealthiest citizen, died at his home in Centertown, ten miles west of Jefferson City, yesterday. Judge Freshour came to Missouri from North Carolina with his parents when but an infant and resided in Cole county until he died. He was 82 years of age.

He began life a poor man, but accumulated much wealth, owning several good farms, many houses in Centertown, besides considerable bank property. His wealth is estimated at \$100,000.

## HE LEFT TWO WIDOWS.

Death of J. S. Surles, of Sedalia, Develops That He Was a Bigamist.

SEDALIA, Mo., July 3.—The sudden death of J. S. Surles, of this town, at Warrensburg, brought out the fact that he left two widows. Wife No. 2, who resides here and separated from Surles a few weeks ago, was a Mrs. Sarah Nogel, and was married to him at Seymour, Ind., July 17, 1892.

Wife No. 1, from whom Surles has never been divorced, lives at Matfield Green, Chase county, Kan. Wife No. 2 has made claim to the small amount of property here, which was left by Surles, but her right to it has been disputed by the local authorities.

## MISSOURI OPERATORS.

Proposed Strike Causes Alarm in the St. Louis Offices.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 3.—St. Louis coal operators are aroused over the announcement that the United Mine Workers have ordered a strike for July 4, and the presidents and managers of several of the big mining companies having headquarters here have gone to their mines in Illinois and Missouri to look into the situation.

The consensus of opinion among the operators is that the strike will be a long one, and that as a result the price of coal will advance, though not at once.

## BOONE COUNTY STORMS.

Houses and Live Stock Destroyed by Terrible Blasts.

COLUMBIA, Mo., July 3.—During the last week Boone county has been visited by the most terrific storms in its history. Thunder storms occurred almost each day and were frequently accompanied by hail and high winds. From all parts of the county come reports of damage done. A large number of horses and cattle have been killed by lightning, and several persons injured. Huge forest trees have been blown to the ground and several houses and barns almost destroyed.

## Attendance Will Be 20,000.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 3.—Sixteen thousand applications for entertainment have been received by the local committee from delegates to next week's National Educational association convention, and as this is exclusive of the Wisconsin delegation, which is expected to number at least 4,000, this makes certain the largest convention ever held by the association and is putting to the test even the ample accommodations offered by the Milwaukee people in private homes and at the hotels.

## Seabee Murder Trial.

LEXINGTON, Mo., July 3.—Eight witnesses were examined in the Seabee trial yesterday. They were all experts and all pronounced Seabee insane at the time of the killing of David Elling. The state examined several witnesses in rebuttal of the insanity defense. It will have twenty witnesses, and will probably not rest its case before noon to-day. The defense will have several witnesses in rebuttal, and will probably occupy the entire afternoon. The case is not expected to go to the jury until Monday.

## An A. P. A. to Wed a Catholic.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 3.—This evening a wedding will take place here that will cause a genuine sensation in A. P. A. circles. The contracting parties are Joseph D. Batch, state secretary of the A. P. A. order, and Miss Tessa Crucknell, a pronounced Roman Catholic. The groom-elect says he will resign his position as state secretary of the A. P. A. and will withdraw from the local council.

## Afraid of a Dog Bite.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 3.—Mrs. Addie M. Johnson, until recently state president of the Missouri Woman's Suffrage association, and a leading member of the W. C. T. U., will go to New York tonight to take the Pasteur hydrophobic treatment. She has not yet developed symptoms of rabies, but a scar on her hand caused by the bite of a pet collie has caused her some worry for three weeks.

## Tharman Opposes McLean.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 3.—Allen Tharman has declared open war against the candidacy of John R. McLean for the Senate. He says McLean left the state under a miserable cloud, and now comes back to drag the Democratic party in the mire again, and that unbecoming war will be waged against him until he is driven from Ohio politics.

## A Rat Club's Good Work.

MACEO, Mo., July 3.—The Ten Mile Rat club, comprising ten members, a captain and seven dogs, held their annual hunt to-day. By 11 o'clock they had killed 160 rats at Walter Mapes' corn crib, forty at George Mapes' barn and seventy-five at Albert Walker's barn northeast of here.

## Mrs. Morrill Seriously Ill.

HIAWATHA, Kan., July 2.—The wife of ex-Governor Morrill is seriously ill at the home of relatives in Boston. Her husband and son are with her.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The finance committee suffered some unexpected reverses during the progress of the tariff bill yesterday, being defeated on three important votes. Cotton bagging was placed on the free list, 30 to 25, and cotton ties also by a vote of 29 to 23. The duty on white pine lumber was reduced from \$2 to \$1 per 1,000, 3 to 31.

The amendment on pine occasioned the greatest surprise and led to a general breaking up of party lines on both sides of the chamber. During the early stages of the debate, the duty on lumber, including pine, was placed at \$2 after a protracted contest. Mr. Teller returned to the contest and moved to place white pine lumber on the free list. The amendment was defeated by the close vote of 32 to 33, four Republicans, Baker, Carter, Hansbrough and Quay, joining with the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans in the affirmative, while three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, voted with the Republicans in the negative. Following up this close vote, Mr. Mantle, Silver Republican, moved to reduce the rate on white pine from \$2 to \$1, and this was carried by a majority of one. Two Republicans, Baker and Carter, voted with the Democrats in the affirmative, and three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, with the Republicans in the negative.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The House adjourned until Monday after an extended attack by Mr. Settle of Kentucky upon its power to adjourn for three days at a time. He arraigned the Republicans for not acting upon the bankruptcy and Cuban questions.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—As a result of the rapid work on the tariff bill yesterday, the close of the long debate in the Senate and the final vote on the bill is felt to be very near at hand. Two of the most important provisions, those relating to the Hawaiian treaty of reciprocity and the duty on coal, were perfected, while another source of much conflict, the reciprocity section, was matured by the finance committee and presented to the Senate. The Hawaiian provision of the House bill was restored, after a brief debate and without the formality of a vote. This has the effect of leaving the Hawaiian treaty of reciprocity in full force and effect.

During the day Mr. Turpie of Indiana spoke in support of the amendment for a 2 per cent tax on inheritances. His speech was notable for its picturesque metaphors and the virulence of his denunciation of the pending bill.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Senate yesterday adopted the lead paragraph of the tariff bill, the finance committee's rate of 1½ cents per pound on lead ore being agreed to—30 to 23.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska spoke at length against the committee rates. He argued against the duty of 1½ cents a pound on lead ore, because, as he said, it would operate to keep out the fluxing ores of Mexico and Canada that were necessary to the American smelters, some of which are located in Mr. Allen's state.

Mr. Vest said this was a conflict between the lead smelters and the lead mines, and both interests were heavily represented in his state. But his vote would be cast in behalf of the consumer, and not for either of these conflicting interests. If his state expected these interests to be defended as against those of the people, the great mass of consumers of lead, then some one must take his place here. He would not give a vote, even though two-thirds of the people of Missouri were here asking it, if it violated his ideas of justice and equity. Mr. Vest said he would move later on to reduce the duty on lead ore from 1½¢ to ½¢ a pound, although he would be glad to go further and see it on the free list.

The committee rates were then agreed to, Messrs. Heifield, Mantle and Teller voting with the Republicans in the affirmative and Mr. Allen with the Democrats in the negative.

On pig lead the rate was increased from 2¢ to 2½¢ a pound, the duty of 2½¢ on lead sheets, etc., being retained.

## NEEDS RAIN.

Little Has Fallen West of Newton Recently and the Corn Is Suffering.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 3.—Reports from the central and western portions of the state say that the corn crop is greatly in need of rain. West of Newton there has been scarcely any rain for three weeks and unless some falls within a week the crop will be seriously damaged.

LARNED, Kan., July 3.—Hot winds have been blowing with great fury here. Harvest teams were driven out of the fields. The corn crop is greatly damaged. Twenty per cent of the wheat crop will be lost on account of inability to harvest it.

## Big Smelter for Galena, Kan.

GALENA, Kan., July 2.—J. J. Binder and P. Aldrich of Pittsburg, Pa., are at work on a large lead smelter, which they expect to have in operation before September. It will have an output of 50,000 pounds a day of pig lead, which will be sent to lead pipe works in Pennsylvania. It will employ from fifty to 100 men a day.

## Peter Maher Married.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Peter Maher, the heavyweight pugilist, was married at St. Thomas R. C. church yesterday afternoon to Miss Agnes Torpey. After the marriage, the couple left for New York, where they will take the steamer Lucania for an extended European tour.

MISS STRAUB, Hymn Composer, Dead. CHICAGO, July 2.—Miss Mary Straub, well known as a composer of church and Sunday school hymns, is dead. She was the author of nearly 200 hymns.

## NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Turkey still demands Thessaly. General Rivera is critically sick. Russia's population is 129,211,113. Amount of public debt \$946,656,086. Montana now has an anti-gambling law.

There is much disease among the Spanish troops.

Miss Mary Straub, hymn composer, is dead in Chicago.

Galatz, Roumania, reports many lives lost by high water.

The government took in \$13,500,000 more than it paid out in June.

Standard 28 wheels will be \$75, as all 96 \$100 wheels are now.

Louis Gillot, a New Orleans bank wrecker, was given eight years in the penitentiary.

Five Minnesota Indians were killed by imbibing pain-killer and hair oil.

Sullivan and Fitzsimmons will not be allowed to spar at Ambrose Park, N. Y.

Bryan in an interview at Laramie, Wyo., praised the course of Ohio Democrats.

The president is said to have decided to entirely reform the civil service commission.

James Burgen and wife were beaten to death in bed by burglars near Bentonville, Ark.

Internal Revenue Collector Welborn of the San Francisco district has been removed for crooked work.

Japan has decided to withdraw her minister to America, as she feels insulted over the Hawaii business.

Captain General Weyler refuses to set any time for the trials of the Comptroller prisoners for various reasons.

H. Russell Ward, an Englishman, has eloped from Los Angeles with Missionaire John Bradbury's young wife.

A locomotive engine blew up at Morgan Park, Chicago, fatally injuring Fireman John Lashaw and Engineer John Fogg.

John Stephens family were poisoned at Belmont, Brown county, Ill. Only two little girls out of six people are left and they are very sick.

John W. Thompson, United States marshal of West Virginia, was compelled by injunction under civil service law to reappoint the old Democratic force of deputies.

President Gates of Amherst college is to resign.

Twelve thousand Belgium coal miners are on a strike.

Union Trust and Savings bank, Tacoma, Wash., suspended.

The New York jury that tried the tobacco trust couldn't agree.

The Hawaiian reciprocity provision has been restored to the tariff bill.

Helen Keller, deaf, dumb and blind, passed in advanced German for Radcliffe college.

National Republican headquarters have been moved from Washington to Cleveland.

James Arnold, a Butte, Mont., mining man, was done up for \$6,000 in a faro game in Chicago.

W. M. McFarland, ex-secretary of state of Iowa, is accused of making employees divide their salaries with him.

George Copeland's wife and his sister and her child were killed by lightning at Cadillac, and S. Bandine's 10-year-old daughter was killed at Howard City, Mich.

Mail Clerk R. T. Sherman and Baggage-master W. P. Coon, both of Indianapolis, were killed in a Christian Endeavor train wreck on the Vandavia, and Mail Clerk Samuel Parkinson and Fireman Frank Owens fatally injured.

W. J. Calhoun has declined the position of comptroller of the treasury.

Oil has been struck at a depth of 1,400 feet in a well at Tishomingo,